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[1]

THE CENTER FOR POWER ELECTRONICS AND MIXED-SIGNAL IC, BEN-GURION UNIVERSITY

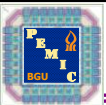
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<http://www.ee.bgu.ac.il/~analog>



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Electronics Training – ECE, BGU (circuits/VLSI track)

Electronics training “chain” (under the circuit/VLSI track)

- Undergraduate:
 - Intro. to Analog Circuits
 - Digital Circuits
 - **Analog Electronic Circuits – THIS COURSE (aka Analog IC)**
 - Intro. to VLSI
 - VLSI Design (aka mixed-signal IC design)
 - Switch-Mode Power Supplies (aka DCDC)
- Graduate:
 - Problems in Electronic circuits
 - Digital control of switch-mode systems



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Logistics

- Lecturer: Prof. Mor M. Peretz
 - Course hours: Sundays, 14-17
 - Office hours:
 - PEMIC Center, Building 64, Rm. 4 (ground level)
 - Wednesdays 14-15
 - Course website:
 - <http://www.ee.bgu.ac.il/~analog>
 - Slides will be updated before class
 - Videos will be uploaded during the semester
 - Grading:
 - 100% final Exam
- ***Attendance is not mandatory but highly recommended



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Analog Electronic Circuits Course background and motivation

- Analog (continuous-time) signals
 - Continuous flow of information
 - Data derived from signals parameters: shape, amplitude, frequency
 - In Digital the info is discrete and finite



truscottjewellers.co.uk



sapling-inc.com



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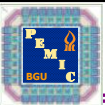
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Analog Electronic Circuits

Course background and motivation

- We live in an ANALOG world (still...)
- The digital Revolution:
 - Simple designs, compact, scalable, upgradable, communication, fast time-to-market
- Any link to the “real world” needs interface
 - Computers, Mobile, Audio, Video, Communication
- \$\$\$ The bottom line \$\$\$
 - Electronics hardware engineers, in particular mixed-signal (analog) are *top earners with longest prospect across the board of hi-tech industry*



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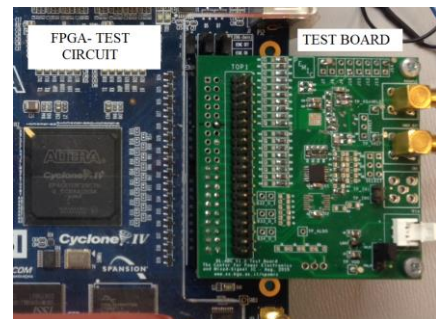
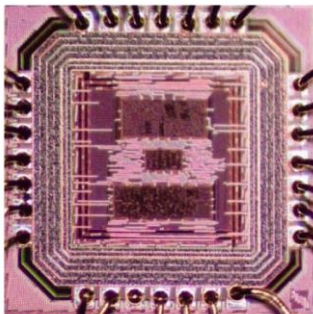
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Integrated vs discrete circuits

Die micrograph

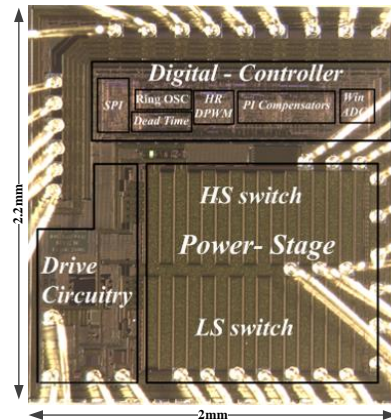




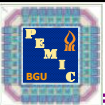
Integrated vs discrete circuits



(a)



(b)



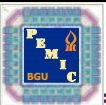
Recommended literature

- Course slides
- Sergio Franco, "Design With Operational Amplifiers And Analog Integrated Circuits" (any addition)
- Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "Op-amps and linear integrated circuit technology:
- David A. Johns, Ken Martin, "Analog Integrated Circuit Design"
- Hans Camenzind, "Designing Analog Chips"
- Analog IC Design - <http://www.aicdesign.org/>
- Analog Electronic circuits - <http://www.ee.bgu.ac.il/~angcirc>

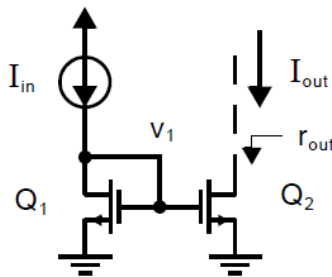
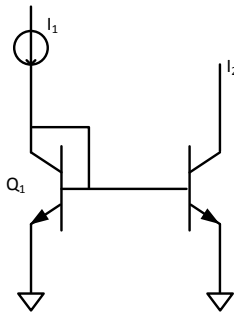


Lesson #1 Outline

- Review of basic transistor circuits
 - Current mirrors
 - Voltage reference (Bandgap)
 - Differential pair
- The operational amplifier (opamp)
 - Basic internal (transistor) circuit
 - Ideal amplifier
 - Characteristics of the ideal opamp
- Basic circuits
 - Inverting amp, Non-inverting amp
 - Summing, difference, integrator, differentiator
- Additional applications
 - Voltage reference, current source



Current Mirror





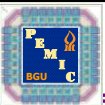
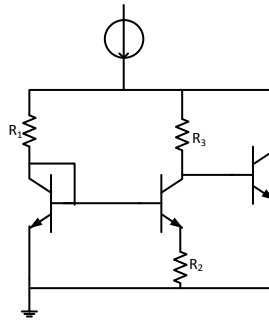
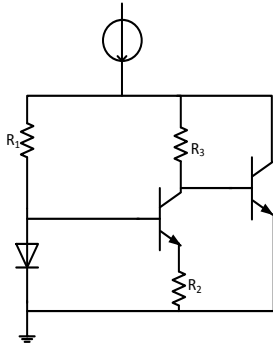
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Voltage Reference (Bandgap)



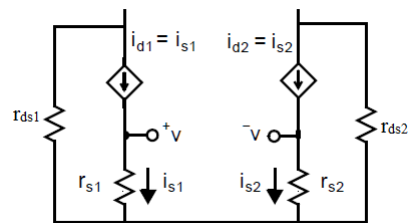
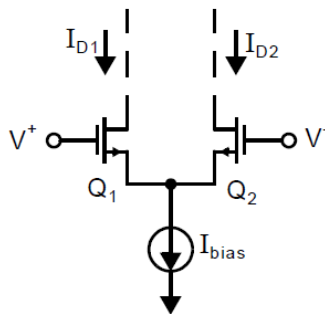
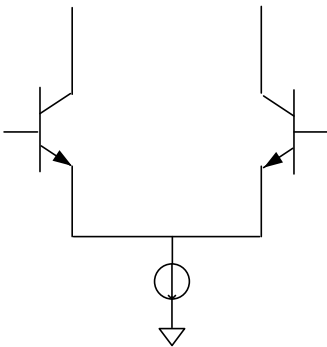
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Differential Pair



$$i_{d1} = i_{s1} = \frac{V_{in}}{r_{s1} + r_{s2}} \quad r_s = 1/g_m$$

Q_1 and Q_2 have the same bias currents $\rightarrow g_{m1} = g_{m2}$

$$i_{d1} = \frac{g_{m1}}{2} V_{in} \quad i_{d2} = i_{s2} = -i_{d1} \rightarrow i_{d2} = -\frac{g_{m1}}{2} V_{in}$$

$$i_{out} \equiv i_{d1} - i_{d2} \rightarrow i_{out} = g_{m1} V_{in}$$



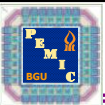
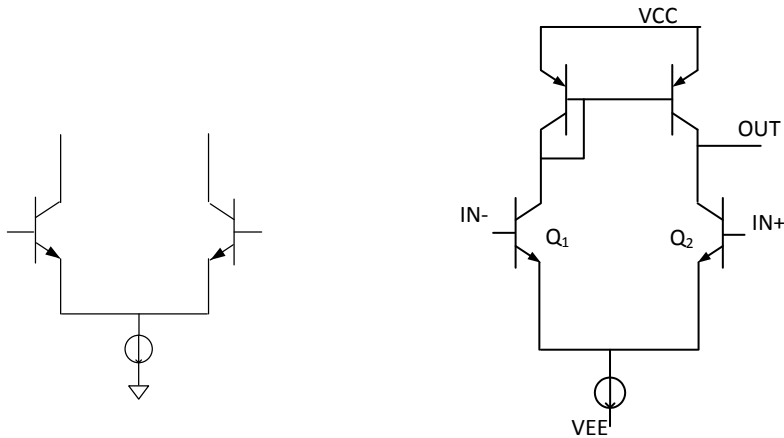
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Differential Pair



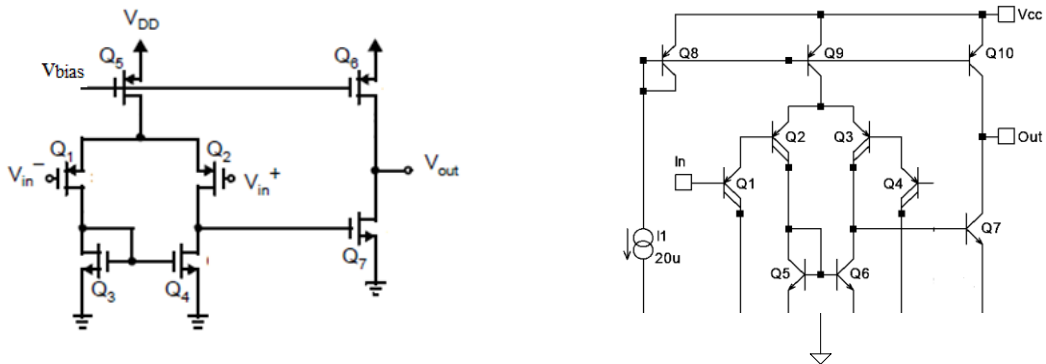
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Differential Pair Two stages





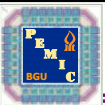
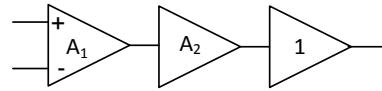
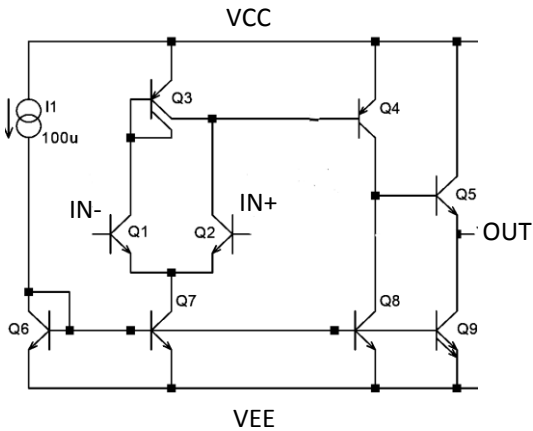
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Three stages diff. pair – The Operational Amplifier



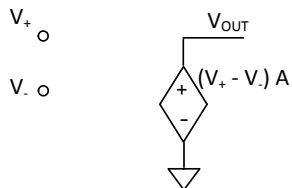
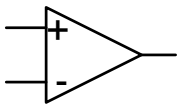
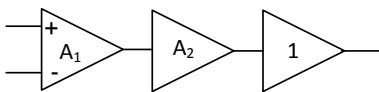
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OpAmp characteristics



Ideal OpAmp primary features:

- Differential inputs
- Output product as function inputs $(V_+ - V_-) A$
 $A = A_1 A_2 A_3$
- Infinite gain $A \rightarrow \infty$
- Infinite Bandwidth $BW \rightarrow \infty$
- Infinite input resistance $R_{in} \rightarrow \infty$
- Zero output resistance $R_{out} \rightarrow 0$



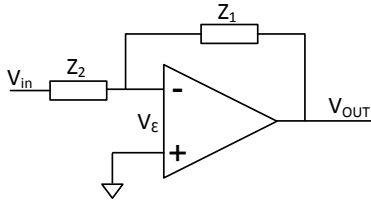
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Inverting Amp Virtual Ground



- Zero potential between inputs



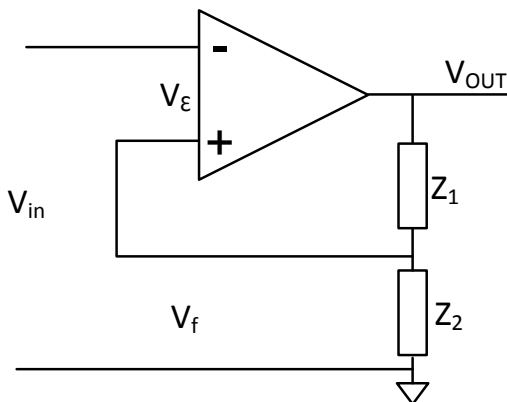
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Non-inverting Amp





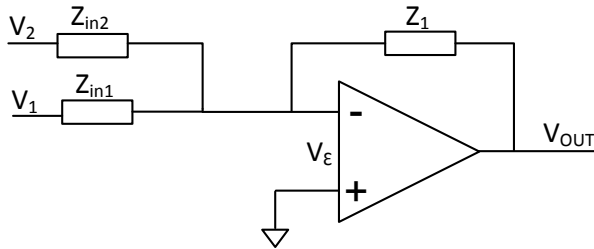
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Summing Amp



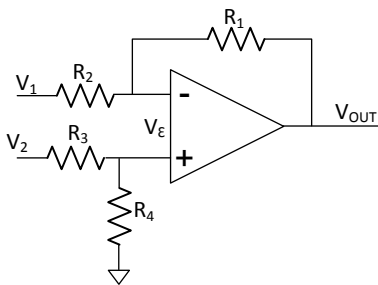
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Difference Amp





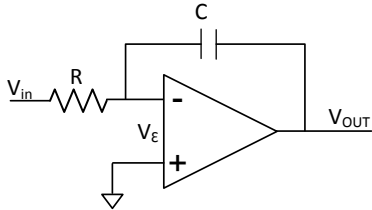
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Integrator Amp



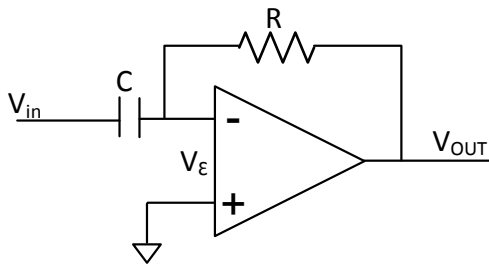
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Differentiator Amp





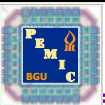
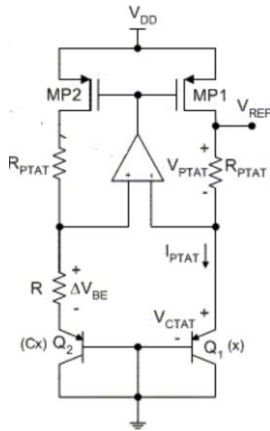
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Voltage reference by OpAmp (Bandgap)



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Current source by OpAmp

